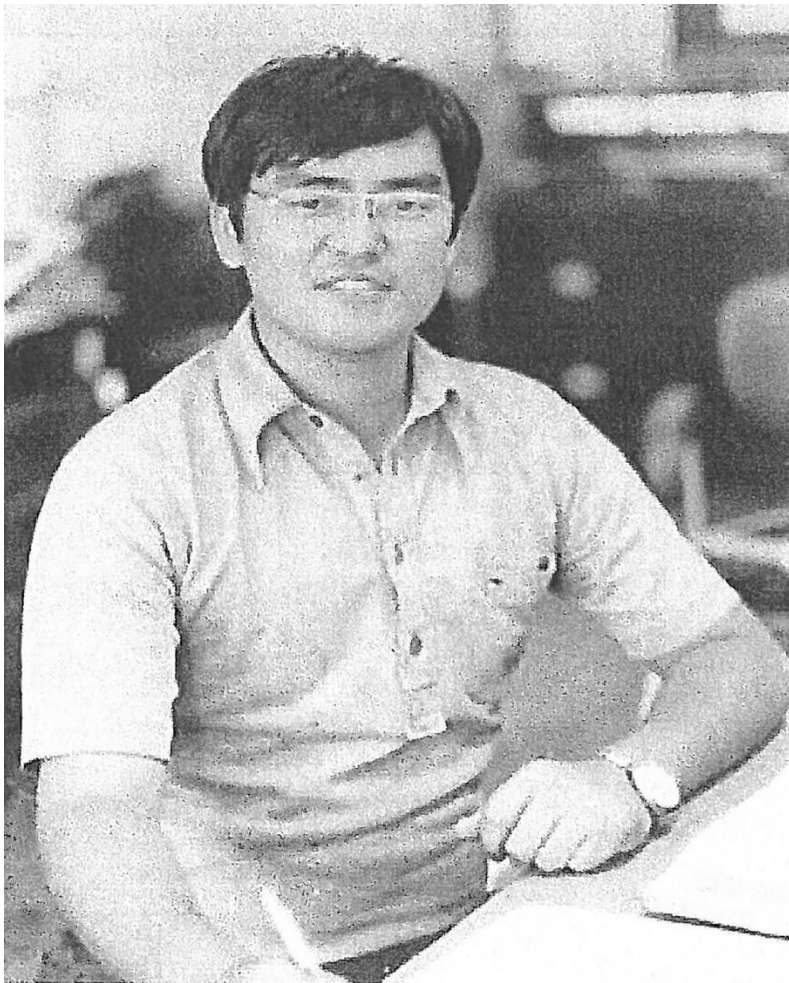


英検 5 / 4 / 3 級

英語の基礎

時制のすべて



英語の基礎

12の時制

1－1 現在形 (present simple)

It rains.

1－2 現在進行形 (present continuous)

It is raining

1－3 現在完了形 (present perfect)

It has rained.

1－4 現在完了進行形 (present perfect continuous)

It has been raining.

2－1 過去形 (past simple)

It rained.

2－2 過去進行形 (past continuous)

It was raining.

2－3 過去完了形 (past perfect)

It had rained.

2－4 過去完了進行形 (past perfect continuous)

It had been raining.

3－1 未来形 (future simple)

It will rain.

3－2 未来進行形 (future continuous)

It will be raining.

3－3 未来完了形 (future perfect)

It will have rained.

3－4 未来完了進行形 (future perfect continuous)

It will have been raining.

基本形を覚えよう

1－1 現在形

Be 動詞現在形

肯定文

I am hungry.

(私はお腹ペコペコです)

You are hungry.

He is hungry.

She is hungry.

It is hungry.

We are hungry.

You are hungry.

They are hungry.

否定文

I am not hungry.

You are not hungry.

He is not hungry.

She is not hungry.

It is not hungry.

We are not hungry.

You are not hungry.

They are not hungry.

疑問文と答え方

Am I hungry?

Yes, you are. No, you are not.

Are you hungry?

(お腹へった?)

Yes, I am, No, I'm not.

Is he hungry?

Yes, he is. No, he isn' t.

Is she hungry?

Yes, she is. No, she isn' t.

Is it hungry?

Yes, it is. No, it' s not.

Are we hungry?

Yes, you are. No, you are not.

Are you hungry?

Yes, we are. No, we are not.

Are they hungry?

Yes, they are. No, they are not.

一般動詞現在形

肯定文

I walk every day.

(私は毎日散歩します)

You walk every day.

He walks every day.

She walks every day.

It walks every day.

We walk every day.

You walk every day.

They walk every day.

否定文

I do not (don' t) walk every day.

You don' t walk every day.

He does not (doesn' t) walk every day.

She doesn' t walk every day.

It doesn' t walk every day.

We don' t walk every day.

You don't walk every day.

They don't walk every day.

疑問文と答え方

Do I walk every day?

Yes, you do. No, you don't.

Do you walk every day?

Yes, I do. No, I don't.

Does he walk every day?

Yes, he does. No, he doesn't

Does it walk every day?

Yes, it does. No, it doesn't.

Do we walk every day?

Yes, you do. No, you don't.

Do you walk every day?

Yes, we do. No, we don't.

Do they walk every day?

Yes, they do. No, they don' t.

1－2 現在進行形

肯定文

I am jogging now.

(私は今ジョギングしています)

You are jogging now.

He is jogging now.

She is jogging now.

It is jogging now.

We are jogging now.

You are jogging now.

They are jogging now.

否定文

I am not jogging now.

You are not jogging now.

He is not jogging now.

She is not jogging now.

It is not jogging now.

We are not jogging now.

You are not jogging now.

They are not jogging now.

疑問文と答え方

Am I jogging now?

Yes, you are. No, you are not.

Are you jogging now?

Yes, I am. No, I am not.

Is he jogging now?

Yes, he is. No, he is not.

Is she jogging now?

Yes, she is. No, she is not.

Is it jogging now?

Yes, it is. No, it is not.

Are we jogging now?

Yes, you are. No, you are not.

Are you jogging now?

Yes, we are. No, we are not.

Are they jogging now?

Yes, they are. No, they are not.

1－3 現在完了形

肯定文

I have been sick since last week.

（私は先週からずっと病気です）

You have been sick since last week.

He has been sick since last week.

She has been sick since last week.

It has been sick since last week.

We have been sick since last week.

You have been sick since last week.

They have been sick since last week.

否定文

I have not been sick since last week.

You have not been sick since last week.

He has not been sick since last week.

She has not been sick since last week.

It has not been sick since last week.

We have not been sick since last week.

You have not been sick since last week.

They have not been sick since last week.

疑問文と答え方

Have I been sick since last week?

Yes, you have. No, you haven' t.

Have you been sick since last week?

Yes, I have. No, I haven' t.

Has he been sick since last week?

Yes, he has. No, he hasn' t.

Has she been sick since last week?

Yes, she has. No, she hasn' t.

Has it been sick since last week?

Yes, it has. No, it hasn' t.

Have we been sick since last week?

Yes, you have. No, you haven' t.

Have you been sick since last week?

Yes, we have. No, we haven' t.

Have they been sick since last week?

Yes, they have. No, they haven' t.

1－4 現在完了進行形

肯定文

I have been studying English since this morning.

(私は今朝からずっと英語の勉強をしています)

You have been studying English since this morning.

He has been studying English since this morning.

She has been studying English since this morning.

It has been studying English since this morning.

We have been studying English since this morning.

You have been studying English since this morning.

They have been studying English since this morning.

否定文

I have not been studying English since this morning.

You have not been studying English since this morning.

He has not been studying English since this morning.

She has not been studying English since this morning.

It has not been studying English since this morning.

We have not been studying English since this morning.

You have not been studying English since this morning.

They have not been studying English since this morning.

疑問文と答え方

Have I been studying English since this morning?

Yes, you have. No, you haven' t.

Have you been studying English since this morning?

Yes, I have. No, I haven' t.

Has he been studying English since this morning?

Yes, he has. No, he hasn' t.

Has she been studying English since this morning?

Yes, she has. No, she hasn't.

Has it been studying English since this morning?

Yes, it has. No, it hasn't.

Have we been studying English since this morning?

Yes, you have. No, you haven't.

Have you been studying English since this morning?

Yes, we have. No, we haven't.

Have they been studying English since this morning?

Yes, they have. No, they haven't.

2-1 過去形

Be 動詞過去形

肯定文

I was hungry.

(私は空腹だった)

You were hungry.

He was hungry.

She was hungry.

It was hungry.

We were hungry.

You were hungry.

They were hungry.

否定文

I was not hungry.

You were not hungry.

He was not hungry.

She was not hungry.

It was not hungry.

We were not hungry.

You were not hungry.

They were not hungry.

疑問文と答え方

Was I hungry?

Yes, you were. No, you were not (weren' t) .

Were you hungry?

Yes, I was. No, I was not (wasn' t)

Was he hungry?

Yes, he was. No, he wasn' t.

Was she hungry?

Yes, she was. No, she wasn' t.

Was it hungry?

Yes, it was. No, it wasn't.

Were we hungry?

Yes, you were. No, you weren't

Were you hungry?

Yes, we were. No, we weren't.

Were they hungry?

Yes, they were. No, they weren't.

2-2 過去進行形

肯定文

I was jogging at that time.

(私はあの時ジョギングをしていた)

You were jogging at that time.

He was jogging at that time.

She was jogging at that time.

It was jogging at that time.

We were jogging at that time.

You were jogging at that time.

They were jogging at that time.

否定文

I was not jogging at that time.

You were not jogging at that time.

He was not jogging at that time.

She was not jogging at that time.

It was not jogging at that time.

We were not jogging at that time.

You were not jogging at that time.

They were not jogging at that time.

疑問文と答え方

Was I jogging at that time?

Yes, you were. No, you weren' t.

Were you jogging at that time?

Yes, I was. No, I wasn' t.

Was he jogging at that time?

Yes, he was. No, he wasn' t.

Was she jogging at that time?

Yes, she was. No, she wasn' t.

Was it jogging at that time?

Yes, it was. No, it wasn' t.

Were we jogging at that time?

Yes, you were. No, you weren' t.

Were you jogging at that time?

Yes, we were. No, we weren' t.

Were they jogging at that time?

Yes, they were. No, they weren' t.

2－3 過去完了形

I had finished my homework before I went to bed.

（私は寝る前に宿題は済ませていました）

2－4 過去完了進行形

I had been studying for three hours when my friend called me.

（友人からの電話があったとき勉強始めて3時間経っていました）

3－1 未来形

Be 動詞未来形

肯定文

I will be ten next year.

（私は来年10歳になります）

You will be ten next year.

He will be ten next year.

She will be ten next year.

It will be ten next year.

We will be ten next year.

You will be ten next year.

They will be ten next year.

否定文

I will not (won't) be ten next year.

You won't be ten next year.

He won't be ten next year.

She won't be ten next year.

It won't be ten next year.

We won't be ten next year.

You won' t be ten next year.

They won' t be ten next year.

疑問文と答え方

Will I be ten next year?

Yes, you will. No, you won' t.

Will you be ten next year?

Yes, I will. No, I won' t

Will he be ten next year?

Yes, he will. No, he won' t.

Will she be ten next year?

Yes, she will. No, she won' t.

Will it be ten next year?

Yes, it will. No, it won' t.

Will we be ten next year?

Yes, you will. No, you won' t.

Will you be ten next year?

Yes, we will. No, we won' t.

Will they be ten next year?

Yes, they will. No, they won' t.

一般動詞未来形

肯定文

I will leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

(私は明日東京に向かいます)

You will leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

He will leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

She will leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

It will leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

We will leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

You will leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

They will leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

否定文

I won't leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

You won't leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

He won't leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

She won't leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

It won't leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

We won't leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

You won't leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

They won't leave for Tokyo tomorrow.

疑問文と答え方

Will I leave for Tokyo tomorrow?

Yes, you will. No, you won't.

Will you leave for Tokyo tomorrow?

Yes, I will. No, I won't.

Will he leave for Tokyo tomorrow?

Yes, he will. No, he won't.

Will she leave for Tokyo tomorrow?

Yes, she will. No, she won't.

Will it leave for Tokyo tomorrow?

Yes, it will. No, it won't.

Will we leave for Tokyo tomorrow?

Yes, you will. No, you won't.

Will you leave for Tokyo tomorrow?

Yes, we will. No, we won't.

Will they leave for Tokyo tomorrow?

Yes, they will. No, they won't.

3-2 未来進行形

肯定文

I will be jogging tomorrow at this time.

(明日の今頃はジョギングをしているでしょう)

You will be jogging tomorrow at this time.

He will be jogging tomorrow at this time.

She will be jogging tomorrow at this time.

It will be jogging tomorrow at this time.

We will be jogging tomorrow at this time.

You will be jogging tomorrow at this time.

They will be jogging tomorrow at this time.

否定文

I won't be jogging tomorrow at this time.

You won't be jogging tomorrow at this time.

He won't be jogging tomorrow at this time.

She won't be jogging tomorrow at this time.

It won't be jogging tomorrow at this time.

We won't be jogging tomorrow at this time.

You won' t be jogging tomorrow at this time.

They won' t be jogging tomorrow at this time.

疑問文と答え方

Will I be jogging tomorrow at this time?

Yes, you will. No, you won' t.

Will you be jogging tomorrow at this time?

Yes, I will. No, I won' t.

Will he be jogging tomorrow at this time?

Yes, he will. No, he won' t.

Will she be jogging tomorrow at this time?

Yes, she will. No, she won' t.

Will it be jogging tomorrow at this time?

Yes, it will. No, it won' t.

Will we be jogging tomorrow at this time?

Yes, you will. No, you won' t.

Will you be jogging tomorrow at this time?

Yes, we will. No, we won' t.

Will they be jogging tomorrow at this time?

Yes, they will. No, they won' t.

3－3 未来完了形

肯定文

By the time I arrive at the party, everyone will have eaten all the food.

(私がパーティに着く頃にはみんなご馳走を平らげていることでしょう)

3－4 未来完了進行形

By the time I finish my homework tonight, I will have been studying for three hours.

(今夜宿題を終えるまでには3時間勉強したことになる)

疑問詞の使い方と答え方

1. what (何)

What is this?

(これは何ですか)

It's a fish.

(魚です)

What was that?

(あれは何でしたか)

It was an apple.

(リンゴでした)

What do you have?

(あなたは何を持っていますか)

I have a pencil.

(鉛筆です)

What did you do?

（あなたは何をしたのですか）

I broke a window.

（窓を割ってしまいました）

What will you do tomorrow?

（あなたは明日何をしますか）

I will go shopping.

（お買い物に行きます）

What have you done?

（何をやらかしたんですか）

I have broken a window.

（窓を割ってしまいました）

What are you doing?

(何をしてるの)

I am studying English.

(英語の勉強だよ)

2. what kind (どんな)

What kind of music do you like?

(君はどんな音楽が好きなの)

I like pop.

(ポップだよ)

3. which (どちら)

Which does she prefer, tea or coffee?

(彼女はお茶とコーヒーどちらが好きなの)

She prefers tea.

(お茶だよ)

4. which color (どちらの色)

Which color do they like better, white or black?

(彼らは黒と白どちらが好きなの)

They like black better.

(黒だよ)

5. who (誰)

Who is that woman?

(あの女性は誰なの)

She is my aunt.

(叔母だよ)

Who went with you?

(誰が付き添ったの)

My dad did.

(お父さんよ)

Who did you go with?

(誰と一緒にいったの)

I went with my mom.

(お母さんとだよ)

6. where (どこ)

Where does he live?

(彼はどこに住んでるの)

He lives in Fukuoka.

(福岡だよ)

Where is she from?

(彼女の出身はどこなの)

She is from China.

(中国だよ)

7. when(いつ)

When is he coming?

(彼はいつ来るの)

He is coming tomorrow.

(明日だよ)

When did you arrive?

(いつ着いたの)

I arrived yesterday.

(昨日だよ)

8. how (どうやって)

How do you spend your time in the morning?

（朝はどうやって過ごすの）

I spend my time jogging in the park.

（公園でジョギングするんだ）

How are you?

（どうだい）

I'm good, thank you. And you?

（元気だよ。君は？）

9. how old（何歳？）

How old are you?

（あなたおいくつ？）

I'm twenty years old.

（20 歳です）

10. how often（どれくらい）頻度

How often do you come here?

(こちらにはよく来られるんですか)

I sometimes come here.

(時々来ます)

11. how deep (どれくらい深い?)

How deep is this pond?

(この池の深さは?)

It's rather shallow.

(かなり浅いよ)

12. how many (いくつ)

How many siblings do you have?

(兄弟姉妹は何人いるの)

I have four.

(4人です)

How many cups are there on the table?

(テーブルにはコップ何個ある?)

There are three.

(3 個)

13. how much (どれくらい)

How much is this?

(これいくらですか)

It's two thousand yen.

(2 千円です)

How much do you earn a month?

(月のお給料はいくらなの)

I earn 300,000 yen.

(30 万円です)

14. how long (どれくらいの長さ)

How long is this bridge?

(この橋は何メートルぐらいだろう?)

It is 200 meters.

(200 メートルだよ)

How long does it take to go to school?

(学校まで何分かかる?)

It takes half an hour.

(30 分だよ)

15. how soon (どれくらい早く)

How soon can you come?

(あとどれくらいで来れる)

I can come in ten minutes or so.

(10 分ぐらいだよ)

How soon is he coming?

(彼はあとどれくらいで来るの)

He is coming in a minute.

(もうすぐ来るよ)

16. why (なぜ)

Why are you late?

(遅刻の理由は?)

Because I missed the bus this morning.

(今朝バスに乗り遅れました)

Why didn't he come to the party?

(彼はなぜパーティーに来なかったんだ)

Because he was sick in bed.

(病気で寝てたんです)